Department of Commerce



A Project Report on

INSURANCE SERVICE

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment for the award of degree

Bachelor of Commerce

B. Nagarjuna

(2021-2022)

Under the Guidance of

Smt. Ch.Vijaya Kaplana

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to express my special thanks of gratitude to my teacher of this subject who gave me the golden opportunity to make this wonderful project on the topic "INSURANCE" which helped me in doing a lot of research and to learn many new things. I am thankful to them. Sadly I would also like to thank my parents who also helped me in preparing this project within the limited time frame.

Date:

Signature of the Guide



Contents [hide]

0

- 1 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
- **2 CERTIFICATE**
- 3 INSURANCE
- 4 HISTORY
- 5 CHARACTERISTICS OF INSURANCE
- 6 IMPORTANCE OF INSURANCE
- 7 PRINCIPLES OF INSURANCE
- 8 SOCIAL EFFECTS OF INSURANCE
- 9 INSURANCE vs ASSURANCE
- 10 METHODS OF INSURANCE
- 11 METHODS OF INSURANCE
- 12 SOME INSURANCE COMPANIES

Department of Commerce <u>CERTIFICATE</u>



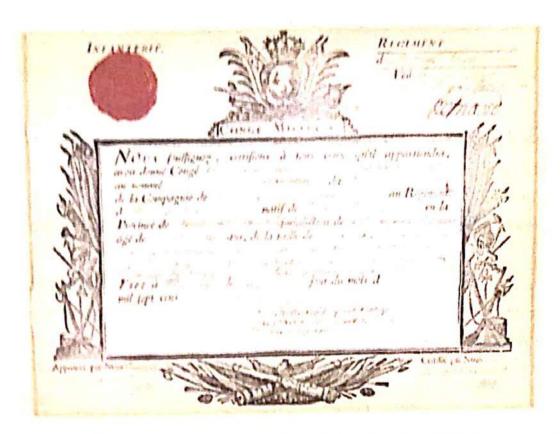
Certified that this project STUDY and analysis of INSURANCE SERVICE is the Bonafide work of
Who carried out the project work under my supervision.

Vertical



Insurance is mean of protection from financial loss. It is a form of risk management, primarily used to judge against the risk of an uncertain loss. An entity that provides insurance to known as an insurer, insurance company, and Insurance carrier on the underwriter. A person on an entity who buys insurance is known as an insured assuring a guarantee and known relatively small loss in the form of payment to the insurance in exchange for the insurer's promise to compensate the insured in the event of a covered loss. The loss may it mat not be financial, but it must be reducible to financial forms and equally involves something in which the insured has an insurable interest established by ownership, possession, or preexisting relationship.

HISTORY



Insurance in its current form has its history dating back to 18 when an oriental Life insurance company was started by Antila Bharsar in Kolkata to cater to the needs of the European Community. The preindependence era in India saw discrimination between the lives of foreigners(English) and Indians with higher premiums being charged for the latter in 1870, Bombay Mutual Life Assurance society became the first Indian Insurer. At the dawn of the 20th century, many insurance companies were founded. In the year 1912, the life insurance companies Act and the provident fund Act were passed to regulate the insurance business the life insurance companies Act, 1912 made it necessary that the premium rate tables and pre periodical valuations of companies should be certified by an actuary. However, the disparity still existed as discrimination between Indian and foreign companies. The oldest existing insurance company in India is the National Insurance Compan which was founded in 1906 and is still in business. The government of India issued an ordinance on 19 January 1956 nationalising the life insurance sector and life insurance corporations came into existence in the same, e year. The life insurance corporation(LIC) absorbed 154, Indian 16 non-Indian issuers and also 75 provident societies-245 Indian and foreign insurers in 1970 with the general insurance Business Act was passed by the Indian parliament, and consequently, the General insurance business was nationalized with effect from 1 January 11973, 107 insurers were amalgamated and grouped into four companies, namely National Insurance co. Limited the New India Insurance.Ltd, the Oriental Insurance co. ltd.the general insurance corporation of India was incorporated as a company in 1971 and it commenced business on 1 Jan 1973.

CHARACTERISTICS OF INSURANCE

The insurance has the following characteristics which are generally, observed in the case of life, marine, fire and general insurance.

SHARING OF RISK

Insurance is a device to share the financial losses which might fall on an individual or his family on the happening of a specified event the event may the be the death of the breadwinnernner to the family in the case of life insurances ,marine-perils in marine insurance, fire in fire insurance ad other certain events in general insurance, eg, theft in burglary insurance, etc. This loss arising mom these events of the insured is shared by all the insured in the form of a premium.

CO-OPERATIVE DEVICE

The most important feature of every insurance plan is the cooperation of a large number of persons who, in effect, agree to share the financial loss arising due to a particular risk that is insured. Such a group of people may be brought together voluntarily or through publicity or solicitation of the agent

VALUE OF RISK

The risk is evaluated before insuring to charge the amount of share of an individual here in called, consideration or premium. There are several methods of evaluation of risks if there is the expectation of more loss, a higher premium may be charged so, the probability of loss is calculated at the time of insurance.

PAYMENT AT CONTINGENCY

The payment is made at a certain contingency insured if the contingency occurs, payment is made since the life insurance contract is a contract of certainly, because the contingency, the death is the expiry of the term, will containly occur, the payment is certain. In other insurances contracts, the contingency is the fire or the marine perits etc, may or may not occur. So if the contingency occurs, payment is made, otherwise no amount is given to the policy holder.

AMOUNT OF PAYMENT

The amount of payment depends upon the values of occurred due etc particular insured risk provided insurance is there up to that amount. In life insurance, the purpose is not to make good the financial loss sufffered. The insurance promises to pay a fixed sum on the happening of an event

LARGE NUMBER OF INSURED PERSONS

To spread the loss immediately, smoothly and a cheaply large number of people should be insured. The cooperation of a small number of persons may also be insured but it will be limited to a smaller area. the cost of insurance for each member may be higher so it, maybe unmark able.

. INSURANCE IS NOT GAMBLING

The insurance services indirectly increase the productivity of the community by eliminating womy and

GENERATE LONG TERM FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The insurance sector generated funds by way of premiums from millions of policy provider holderrs. Due to the loning-term nature of these funds, these are invested in building long-term infrastructure assets that are significant to nation-building employment opportunities and are increased by big investments leading to capital formation in the economy.

PROMOTES ECONOMIC GROWTH

The insurance sector makes a significant impact of the overall economy by mobilizing domestic savings. Insurance feees are accoumlated capital into production investments insurance also enables mitigation of losses, financial stability and promoted trade eg commercee activities this result in sustainable economic development and growth.

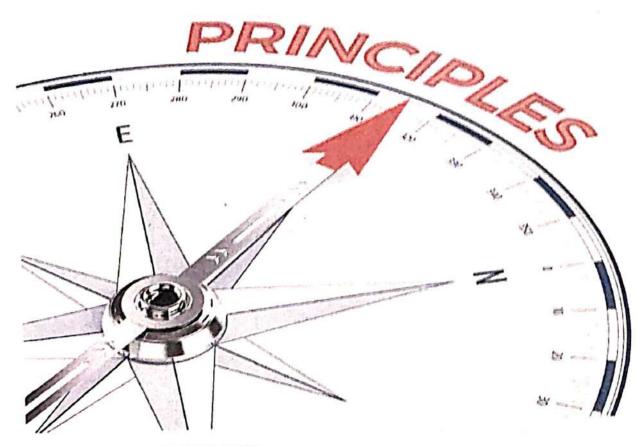
PROVIDES SUPPORT TO FAMILIES DURING MEDICAL EMERGENCIES

The well-being of the family is important for all eg health of family members is thhe biggest concern for most from elderly parents to newborn children, medication and hospitalization play, an important role while ensuring well-being of families. rising medical treatment costs and soaring medicine prices are enough to drain your savings if not well prepared. Anyone can fall victim to critical illness(Such as stroke,heart attack etc).

SPREADS RISK

insurance facilities mean the risk of loss from the insured to the insurer. The basic principle of insurance is to spread risk among a large number of people. A large population gets insurance policies and pays a premium to the insurer . whenever a loss occurs, it is communicated out of the corpus of finds collected from the millions of policy holders.

PRINCIPLES OF INSURANCE



PRINCIPLES OF UTMOST GOOD FAITH

According to the principle, insurance is a contract based on faith. The insured and insurer must disclose all the material facts to each other if the isnured hides any material fact from the insurance company and later on the insurer comes to know about it, then he can refuse to pay compensation. Failure to make disclosure of material fact by the insured makes the contract of insurance voidable at the discretion of the insurance.

PRINCIPLE OF INSURANCE INTEREST

According to this principle, the insured must have an insurable interest in the subject matter of the insurance policy without interest taking an insurance policy is a gamble and fraudent activity and the law does not permit it. In the case of life insurance, the insurable interest comes with the relation of insured with the person taking an insurance policy.

PRINCIPLE OF INTEGRITY

According to this principle, insurance is not a contract for making a profit>the purpose of insurance is to bring back the insured n the same financial position as he was before the loss.

PRINCIPLE OF CONTRIBUTION

It is corallary of the priciple of identity according to this principle, if a person has taken more than one

insurance policy for trhe same subject matter then all the insurer will contibution the amount of loss and compensate him for the actual amount of loss seperately he cannot claim total loss from each insurer the insurer contributes to the total loss in proportion to the amount assured by each

PRINCIPLE OF SUBROGATION

According to this principle after paying the compensation, the insurer steps into the shoes of the insured in ither words, when the insured is compensated for the loss or damage, to the property insured by her thing the right of ownership of such property passes on the insurer.

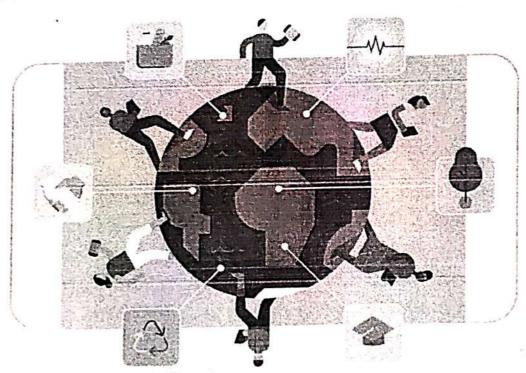
PRINCIPLE OF CAUSES PROXIMA

According to this principle the causes or reason for the loss must be related to the subject matter of the insurances contract. If loss is due to some other cause then the insurer can silent to pay the compensation.

PRINCIPLES OF MITIGATION OF LOSS

According to this principle, the insured must take care of his property or subject matter of insurance in the same way as he would take care without taking the insurance policy. It is the duty of the insured to make a reasonable effort to make all available precautions to save the insured property.

SOCIAL EFFECTS OF INSURANCE



Insurance provides people from all walks of life and business a form of safety net and security. Because it offers protection it makes people feel safe and secure from loss and illness as well. Its benefits apply to so many aspects of life that can range from paying huge medical bills should you become seriously ill and

saving you from loss of income or having to file bankruptcy. Should a natural disaster happen that wipes your home or business people who carry the adequate amount of insurance coverage are not faced with the stress and worries of how they can recover from the catastrophe event? The social effects of insurance affect almost every part of our lives today it virtually controls the simple everyday life of what people want to do as it is required with most major purchases. A good example is a married couple who have found their dream home and are excited because it fits their budget only to find out when they call to get a homeowner insurance quote they cannot afford it spp insurance has crushed their dreams.

Insurance can also cause hardships for so many people and keep them from driving a car because they cannot afford policy insurance can be costly and insurance companies gamble on the fact that the mass population will never use it. However, it's better to have insurance and not need it than to need it and not have it should something occur. Today, everyone is expected to carry insurance coverage is often frowned upon when they say no. Insurance today is woven into our social circles of daily living it protects us from loss, and has many benefits in most cases of our daily liver.

INSURANCE vs ASSURANCE

Generally, the terms insurance and assurance are considered the same thing but these two are not synonymous. These two are different in meaning assurance refers to a contract in which the sum assured is bound to be paid sooner or later in case of loss insurance the sum.

BASIS FOR COMPARISON	INSURANCE	ASSURANCE
Meaning	It refers to an arrangement, which provides cover for an event that can happen but not necessarily, like a flood, etc	It is a provision for coverage of An event, whose happening is certain, such as the death principle of certainty. A definite event
Based on	Principle of indemnity	Principle of certainty
Protect against	An anticipated event	A definite event
Туре	General Insurance	Life insurance
Duration	Only for one year, renewable after a year	Long term, Running no of years

METHODS OF INSURANCE



According to the study of books of the chartered insurance institute, there are variant methods of insurance, two of which are



RE-INSURANCE

h is an insurance that is purchased by an insurance company in the classic case, reinsurance allows insurance companies to remain solvent after major claims events, risk of major disasters like hurricanes and wildfires.

DOUBLE INSURANCE

The situation in which some risk to insured by two overlapping but independent insurance policies, it is lawful to obtain double insurance, and the insured can make claim to both insures in the event of a loss.

METHODS OF INSURANCE

LIFE INSURANCE

It is diffferent from other insurance in the sense that, here the subject matter of insurance to the life of human being.

PROPERTY INSURANCE

Under the property insecure if persons are involved aginst a certain specified risk. The risk may be fine,

money theft, etc.

MARINE INSURANCE

It protected against the loss of marine perils. the marine perils are a collision with a rock, on the ship, captured perils.

· LIABILITY INSURANCE

The general insurance also includes liability insurance whereby the insureds are liable to pay the property damage.

FIRE INSURANCE

Fire insurance comes with the risk of the fire in the absence of fire is insurance, the first work well increase not only for the individual but the society as well.

SOME INSURANCE COMPANIES ARE



- KOTAK Life Insurance
- National insurance company
- American Management Cooperation(AMP)
- SBI Life insurance company
- TATA AIG Travel Insurance
- ICICI Pre Life Insurance
- Apollo Munich Health Insurance
- Metlife Auto Insurance
- AVIVA Life Insurance
- Birla Sun Life Insurance

CONCLUSION

Insurance is a superior tool to other forms of savings as it provides protection, collective hearing of risk, assessment of risks, certainty factor, easy liquidity and above all the safest means of saving and investment.

There are various insurance products

Abstract

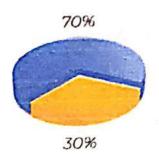
In the part of community service projectWe take the survey in our city vinukondaln survey we noticed that 70% of people are insured and 30% of the people are non insuredWe are discussed with persons to noticethe reasons behind there not take insurance. their response are good.th reasons are:

- 1.Uneducated
- 2.Lack of awareness
- 3. Financial problems and etc...

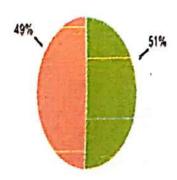
So, we appear the awareness on insurance Clearly and there responded positivelyto agree for tacking insurance in quick time period.

From this survey we proudly announced that thepercentageof in our country will rapidly increase.

1. Does anyone in your family have an insurance policy?



- 1.70% people have insurance policy
- 2.30% people don't have inurence policy
- 2. Are you paying the insurance premium monthly or yearly?

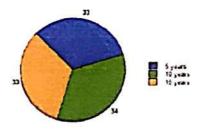


- 1.51% people are paying insurance yearly
- 2.49% people are paying insurance monthly

3. How much insurance premium are you paying for month?

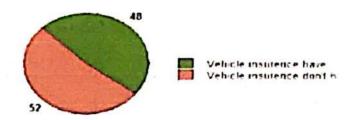


- 1.52% people are paying above 5000 rupees in a year
- 2.48% people are paying below 5000 rupees in a year
- 4. What is the maturity of your insurance?



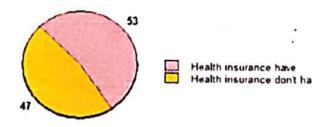
- 1. THERE ARE 33% OF 5 YEARS INSURANCE POLICY HOLDERS
- 2.34% POLICY HOLDERS HAVE 10 YEARS PLAN
- 3.33% POLICY HOLDERS HAVE 15 YEARS PLAN

5. ARE YOU TAKING INSURANCE FOR VEHICLES?



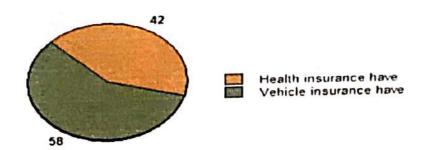
- 1.52% PEOPLE DON'T HAVE VEHICLE INSURANCE
- 2.48% PEOPLE HAVE VEHICLE INSURANCE

6. HOW MANY FAMILY MEMNERS HAVE HEALTH INSURANCE?

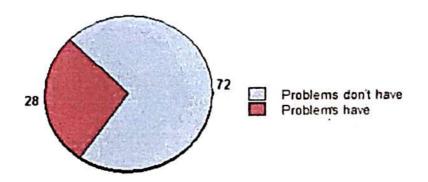


- 1.53% PEOPLE HAVE HEALTH INSURANCE
- 2.47% PEOPLE DON'T HEALTH INSURANCE

7. TYPES OF INSURANCE-TERM LIFE INSURANCE OR ENDOWMENT POLICY?

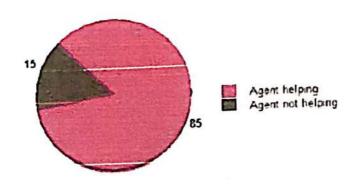


- 1.58% PEOPLE HAVE HEALTH INSURANCE
- 2.42% PEOPLE HAVE VEHICLE INSURANCE
- 8. HAVE YOU ENCOUNTERED ANY PROBLEMS WHILE MAKING AN INSURANCE CLAIM ?



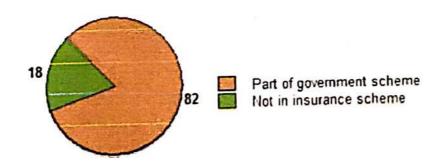
- 1.72% PEOPLE DON'T HAVE ANY PROBLEMS IN INSURANCE CLAIM
- 2.28% PEOPLE HAVE SOME PROBLEMS IN INSURANCE CLAIM

9. IS YOUR AGENT HELPING YOU?



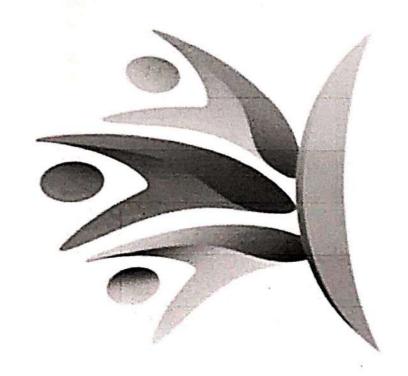
- 1.85% AGENTS ARE HELPING
- 2.15% AGENTS ARE NOT HELPING

10. ARE YOU A MEMBER OF GOVERNMENT INSURANCE SCHEMES?



- 1.82% PEOPLE ARE PART OF GOVERNMENT SCHEMES
- 2.18% PEOPLE NOT PART OF GOVERNMENT SCHEMES

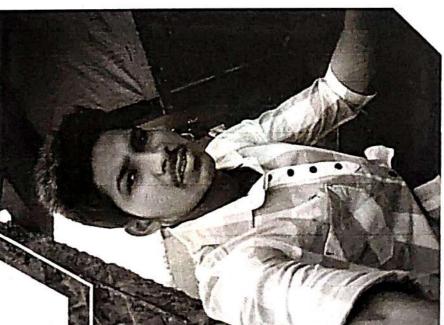
COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT

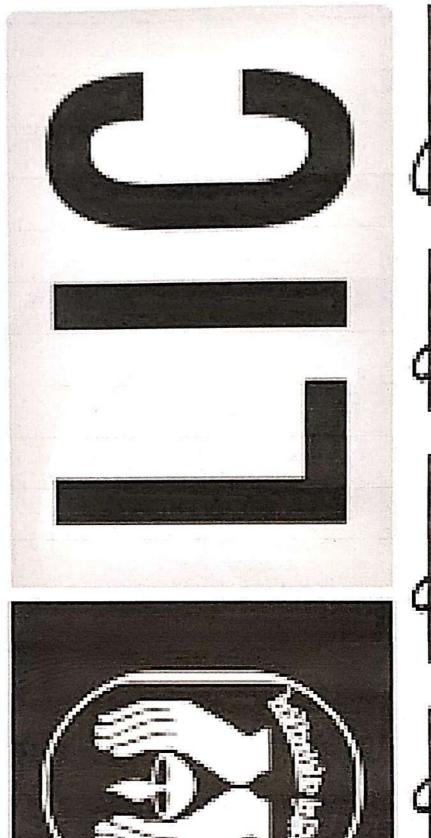


ABOUT ME



Hello everyone! I am B.nagarjuna 2nd B.com SGK Govt Degree College, Vinukonda. Today! am here to present you my report on the survey I have conducted on the topic Insurence Promotion & Habit as a part of community service project which is conducted under the guidance of our mentor:-

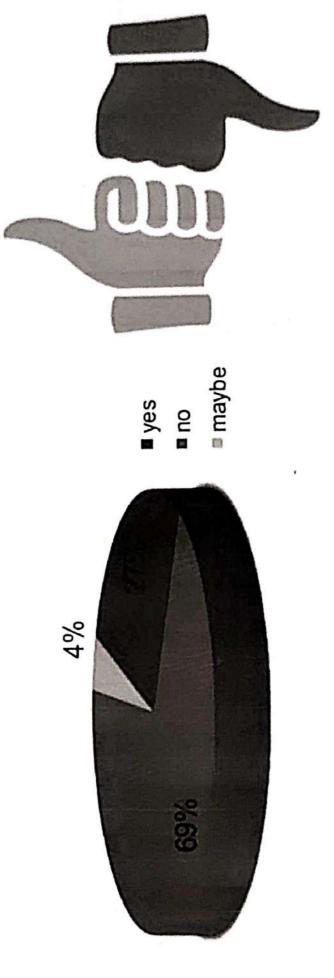




THE INSURANCE CORPORATION OF MOLA



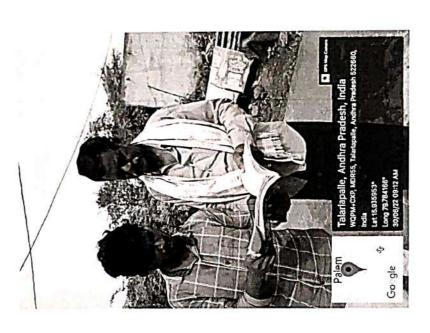
Satisfaction level of Respondents regarding digital payments



It is observed that around 30% of respondents are satisfied with the use of digital wallets. reasons are found to be technical glitches, concern about security and possibility of theft. 70% percent of the respondents are not satisfied with the use of digital wallets. The

Survey Photos







SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

TITLE OF THE PROJECT: INSURANCE SERVICES and HABITS IN VINUKONDA

PROJECT EXECUTION AREA: VINUKONDA

NAME OF THE RESPONDENT: ${\cal C}{\cal L}$.	Mwral,
LOCALITY: Manella Veun	palem

DOOR NO: 4 - 109

NAME OF THE STUDENT: B. Nagariuman
PROGRAMME: Insulance Survice and the

1.Does anyone in your family have an Insurance policy? $\sim \mathcal{VO}$

2.Are you paying the Insurance premium monthly or for the yearly? $\mathcal{N}\mathcal{D}$

3. How much Insurance premium are you paying per month? $\,\mathcal{NO}\,$

4.What is the maturity of your Insurance? $\,$

5.Are you taking Insurance for vehicles? YLS

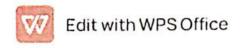
6.How many family members have health Insurance? $ot \sim \mathcal{O}$

7.Types of Insurance-Term life insurance of Endowment policy? \mathcal{NO}

8. Have you encountered any problems while making an Insurance claim? $\mathcal{M}\mathfrak{D}$

9.Is your agent helping you? Yes

10. Are you a member of Government Insurance Schemes? MO



SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

TITLE OF THE PROJECT: INSURANCE SERVICES and HABITS IN VINUKONDA

PROJECT EXECUTION AREA: VINUKONDA

NAME OF THE RESPONDENT: Ch. Smitha

LOCALITY: Marella Vari palem

DOOR NO: 4 -/11

NAME OF THE MENTOR: M. Pitchmah

NAME OF THE STUDENT: B. Naganima

PROGRAMME: Inswamce Services & Habits

NO 1. Does anyone in your family have an Insurance policy?

2.Are you paying the Insurance premium monthly or for the yearly? ${\cal N}{\cal D}$

3. How much Insurance premium are you paying per month?

4. What is the maturity of your Insurance?

5. Are you taking Insurance for vehicles?

6. How many family members have health Insurance? N

7.Types of Insurance-Term life insurance or Endowment policy? $\Join \mathcal{D}$

8. Have you encountered any problems while making an Insurance claim? NU

9.1s your agent helping you?

10. Are you a member of Government Insurance Schemes? \mathcal{ND}

SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

TITLE OF THE PROJECT: INSURANCE SERVICES and HABITS IN VINUKONDA

PROJECT EXECUTION AREA: VINUKONDA

NAME OF THE RESPONDENT: Ch. Shivani

LOCALITY: Manelfavour palem

DOORNO: 4 - 102

NAME OF THE MENTOR: M. Pitchaiah

PROGRAMME: Incurance Services & Habits

1.Does anyone in your family have an Insurance policy? NO

2. Are you paying the Insurance premium monthly or for the yearly? $\mathcal{N}\mathcal{D}$

4. What is the maturity of your Insurance?

5. Are you taking Insurance for vehicles? YES

6. How many family members have health Insurance? NO

7. Types of Insurance-Term life insurance or Endowment policy?

8.Have you encountered any problems while making an Insurance claim? ${\cal M}{\cal V}$

9.1s your agent helping you? Yes

10. Are you a member of Government Insurance Schemes? ND

SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

TITLE OF THE PROJECT: INSURANCE SERVICES and HABITS IN VINUKONDA

PROJECT EXECUTION AREA: VINUKONDA

NAME OF THE RESPONDENT: B. Koteshva Rao	NAME OF THE MENTOR: M. pitchash
LOCALITY: Marella Vaca Palem	NAME OF THE STUDENT: B. Nigarima
DOOR NO: 4 -109	PROGRAMME: TNEW MCE SUNICES & Habit

- 1.Does anyone in your family have an Insurance policy? $\sim \mathcal{N} \mathcal{O}$
- 3. How much Insurance premium are you paying per month? $\mathcal{M}\mathcal{D}$
- 4. What is the maturity of your Insurance?
- 5.Are you taking Insurance for vehicles?
- 6. How many family members have health Insurance? $\,$
- 7.Types of Insurance-Term life insurance or Endowment policy? $\mathcal{N}\mathcal{D}$
- 8.Have you encountered any problems while making an Insurance claim? $\nearrow \mathcal{D}$
- 9.Is your agent helping you? Yes
- 10.Are you a member of Government Insurance Schemes? $\,\,$ $\,\,$ $\,\,$ $\,\,$

SGK GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE VINUKONDA SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

TITLE OF THE PROJECT: INSURANCE SERVICES and HABITS IN VINUKONDA

PROJECT EXECUTION AREA: VINUKONDA

NAME OF THE RESPONDENT: Ch. K	coteshvaRao
-------------------------------	-------------

DOORNO: 4-112

NAME OF THE STUDENT: B. Nugurinna PROGRAMME: Inswumce Services & Habits

YES 1.Does anyone in your family have an Insurance policy?

2.Are you paying the Insurance premium monthly or for the yearly? $\begin{picture}(100,0) \put(0,0){\line(0,0){100}} \put(0,$

3. How much Insurance premium are you paying per month? ~ 0

YES 4. What is the maturity of your Insurance?

5. Are you taking Insurance for vehicles? mu0

6. How many family members have health Insurance? $\mathcal{N} \mathcal{D}$

7.Types of Insurance-Term life insurance or Endowment policy? $\mathcal{N}^{\mathfrak{D}}$

8. Have you encountered any problems while making an Insurance claim? NO

9.1s your agent helping you? YES

10. Are you a member of Government Insurance Schemes? YES

SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

TITLE OF THE PROJECT: INSURANCE SERVICES and HABITS IN VINUKONDA

PROJECT EXECUTION AREA: VINUKONDA

NAME OF THE RESPONDENT:	Cir.	yogan	nmo
-------------------------	------	-------	-----

LOCALITY: Marellovau Palem

DOOR NO: 4- 113

NAME OF THE MENTOR: M. Pitcharah

NAME OF THE STUDENT: B. Nagunima

PROGRAMME: Incuremce Services & Hobit

1.Does anyone in your family have an Insurance policy? $\ \ \mathcal{N}\mathcal{O}$

2. Are you paying the Insurance premium monthly or for the yearly? NO

3. How much insurance premium are you paying per month? \mathcal{ND}

4. What is the maturity of your Insurance? NO

5. Are you taking Insurance for vehicles? Yes

6.How many family members have health Insurance? NO

7.Types of Insurance-Term life insurance or Endowment policy? N D

8. Have you encountered any problems while making an Insurance claim? $\!\mathcal{MD}$

9.1s your agent helping you? NO

10. Are you a member of Government Insurance Schemes? ND

Commissionarate of Collegiate Education, Government of Andhra Pradesh

Format - III - Community Service Project (CSP) - Student Daily Progress Report

1 Name of the Student	B. Nagujima	
2 Registered Number	y207099003 2021 - 2022	
3 Year	2021 - 2022	
4 Program Studying	Insummer Service	
5 Program Combination		
6 Name of the Mentor	Ch. Kulpma (Madam)	
7 Name of the CSP		
8 Place of CSP Execution		
		No. of
S Date	Work Done	Hours Spent
0	- 2 00	30.mic
1 1/6/2022	D. Romanii	50.77
		27.Mis
2 2/6/2022	k. Hansha	27.1115
-10.22		
3 3/6/2622	Ch. Subhashini	25. MK
3 3/6/2021		
4 4/6/2622	2. Devi	29.Mis
4 41812822	F. Dev.	
	Ch. Anitha	32 mis
5 5/6/2022	C.N. FINITIA	
	1 0	35.M.
6 6/6/2022	k. Puma	
	0	1.2
7 7/6/2022	2. Tesa	42 mis
7 770.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8 8/6/2022	Ch. kalyoni	27.MK
5 5/6/2012		
9 9/6/2022	B. Akhila	42mis
7 9161 1011	D. / IRV	
1.1.1.1	Cl. Danie	32.mi
10 10/6/2022	Ch. Anu	
	0 11	17.m.
11 11/6/2022	B. Marry	17,000
	7	
12 12/6/2022	B. Govidu	37.ms
77 1220		
13 13/6/2022	T. Ramya	29. mi
13 15/6/2017	T ix III / E	
1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	2. Rani	20. M-
14 14/6/2022	IL. ILWIII	

Commissionarate of Collegiate Education, Government of Andhra Pradesh

)

D

0

0

1

0

3

3

0

3

J

J

3

Format - III - Community Service Project (CSP) - Student Daily Progress Report

1	Name of the Student	B. Nagunina	
2	Registered Number	B. Naguyjnna y7070999003 2021-2022	and the same of th
3	Year	2021 - 2022	
4	Program Studying	Insurance Survicing.	
5	Program Combination	(naul)	
6	Name of the Mentor	Ch. Kulpma (Madum)	
7	Name of the CSP	·	
8	Place of CSP Execution		
S			No. of
		Work Done	Hours
N	Date		Spent
0		2.1	112 04
15	15/6/2022	B. Seine	42.M
	0710172		
AL	16/6/2022	B. VENU	22.M
40	101617012		
	10/1/2022	Ch. Rami	19.M
17	17/6/2022	CM. Pott	
		B. Vamsi	26.Mi
18	18/6/2022	B. Vanisi	
			32.M
19	19/6/2022	Ch. Vemi	52.101
20	20/6/2022	Ch. Sutin	43:M
	20,07.02	V.	
	21/6/2012	2. Shanthi	23:m
71	21/6/2011	12. 2010.01	
	+	Ch. Romech	24:N
22	22/6/2022	CN. 12 MMCh	100
		0	72.W
23	23/6/2012	B. Venkutesh	72.10
24	24/6/2022	Ch. Radhika	19: M
	1-11-11-11		
0.5	25/6/2022	m. Renuka	15.m
11	19/61/02	THE PLANTS	
	+-,,,,	D 11.0	22:m
26	26/6/2022	B. Nagumani	22.10
27	27/6/2022	T. Chandu	19:1
	28/6/2022	T. Sui	21:11

GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE KALYANDURG COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT

LOGBOOK FOR FIRST WEEK COMMUNITY SURVEY

Name of the student: B. Nagarisma.

Name of the faculty mentor

5.No	Date & time of visit	Name of the person interviewed	House address	Gender & age	Mobile number	Observations made during survey
Day 1	1/6/22 1:9 Am	D Raman)	Marelle Vivo Palem	mule	•	-
Day 2	2/6/22 10:40	k. Hwisha	"	mode	-	-
Day 3	5/6/92 3:7	Ch. Subha Shini	11	Female	-	
Day 4	4/6/22	0)(male	-	- 、
Day 5	5/6/12 2:20 Pm		lı.	Femul	-	

GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE KALYANDURG COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT

COMMUNITY SURVEY

Name of the student: B. Nagariuma

Name of the faculty mentor

S.No	Date & time of visit	Name of the person interviewed	House address	Gender & age	Mobile number	Observations made during survey
Day 1	8/6/22 7:40 PM	Ch. Kulyemi	Novill Vous Palem	Female	-	
Day 2	9/6/22 9:20	B. Akhila	"	Female	-	-
Day 3	10/6/22	Anu	11	Female	-	2,-
Day 4	11/6/22	B. mwvy	"	Female	-	- (
Day 5	1.1.100	B. Govindu	"	mule	L	-

GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE KALYANDURG COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT

LOGBOOK FOR SECOND WEEK COMMUNITY AWARENESS PROGREMME

Name of the student

B. Nagarifuna
Name of the faculty mentor

Ch. Visaya Kalpana

5.No	Date	Village/locality	Nature and title of awareness conducted	Number of individuals participated	Observations
1	1-6-22	Marellavari Palem	AWWIENESS	10	Enlightened
2	, v ,		On inswand		of the need
3			Scheme'		bon inswance
4	2-6-22	Mwella Vari Palem	Audisce		3 = 3
5			On Insurance	14	11
6			schemes	,	11
7		V			

Signature of the student





